Storm Impact Forecasting Early Warning System **EWS US v.1.0**

http://micore.ztikm.szczecin.pl

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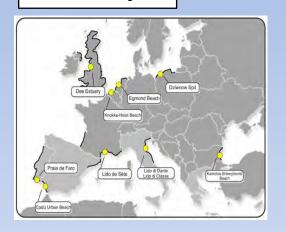








About Project



MICORE - Morphological Impacts and COastal Risks induced by Extreme storm events

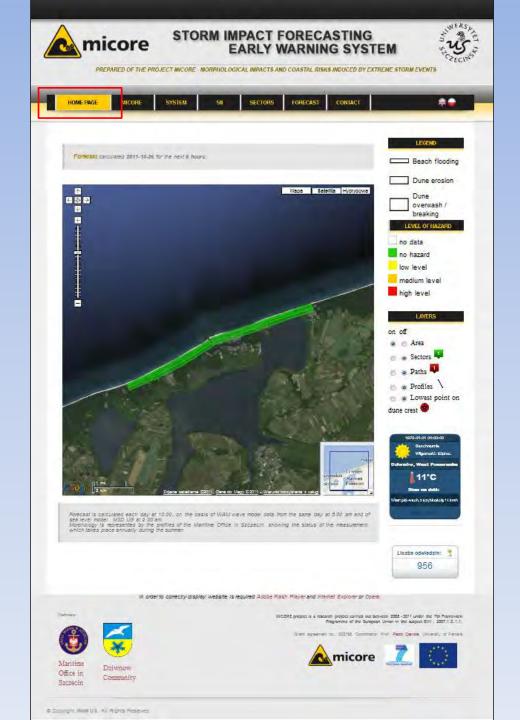
Five key outcomes:

- 1. Understanding past coastal storm trends across Europe
- 2. Demonstrating new data and knowledge sharing protocols the OpenEarth approach
- 3. Expanding and validating a new open-source model of coastal storm impacts
- 4. Operating on-line prototype Early Warning Systems for coastal storm hazard
- 5. Building better bridges between coastal experts and end-users

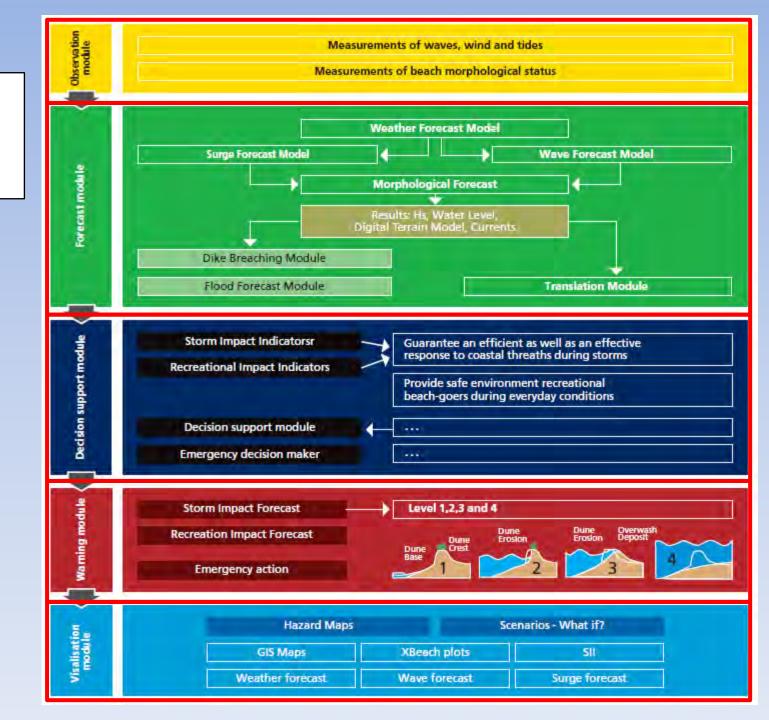


Website of EWS

www.micore.ztikm.szczecin.pl

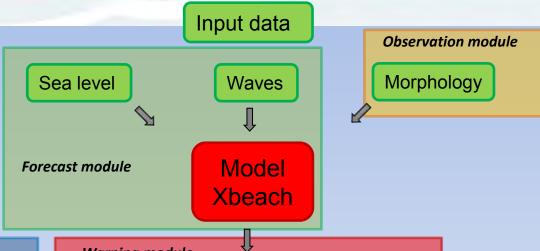


A generic structure for a EWS





Schemat EWS US v.1.0



Decision support module

Storm Impact Indicators (SIIs)

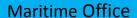
- Beach flooding
- Dune erosion
- Dune overwash/breaking

Warning module

Comparison of Xbeach model results with the values of Storm Impact Indicators (SII)

Visualisation module

Predicted effects of the storm impact published on the Web

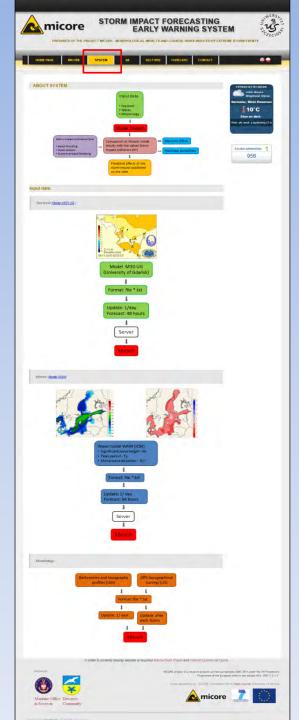


Municipal authorities



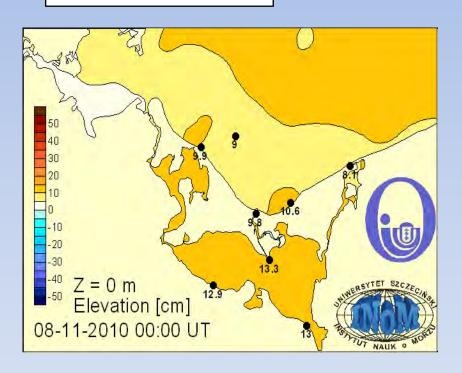


About System



micore

Input data: Sea level



Model M3D UG (UG)



Format: file *.txt



Update: 1/day

Forecast: 48 hours



Server



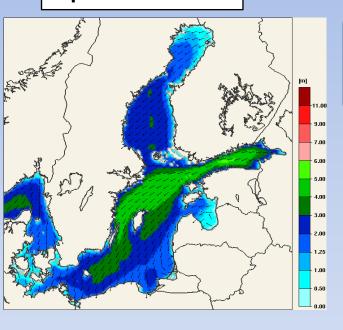
XBeach







Input data: Waves

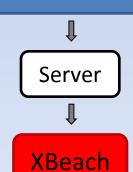


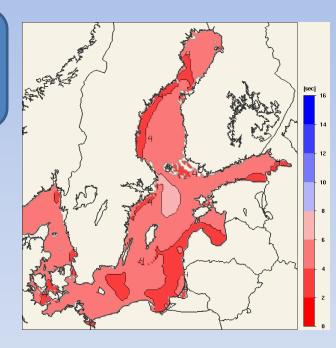
Wave model WAM (ICM)

- Significant wave height Hs
- Peak period Tp
- Mean wave direction Dir

Format: file *.txt

Update: 1/ day
Forecast: 84 hours



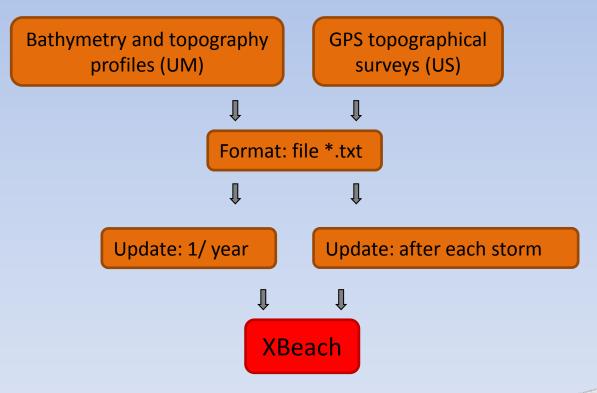




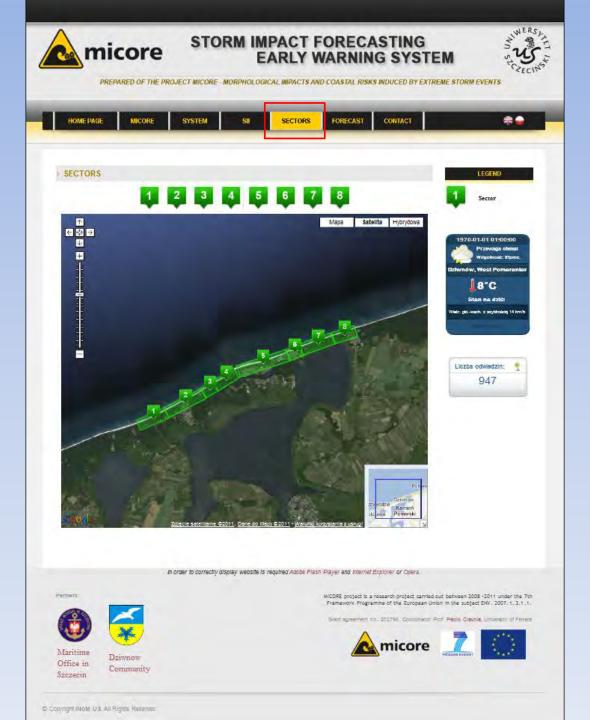




Input data: Morphology

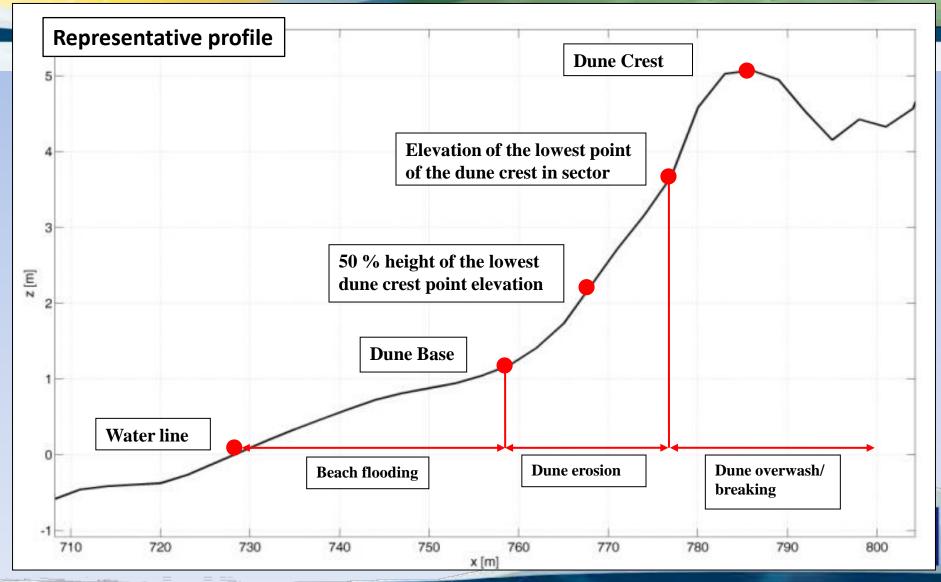






Sectors

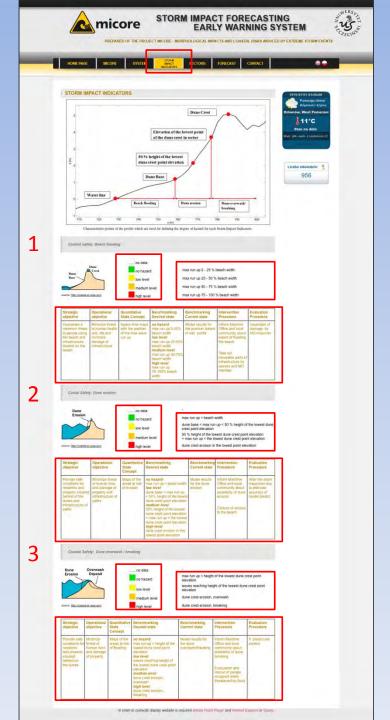




Zoom in



Storm Impact Indicators



SII: Beach flooding

Color scale	Level of hazard	Thresholds		
	no data			
	no hazard max run up 0 - 25 % beach width			
	low level max run up 25 - 50 % beach wid			
	medium level	max run up 50 - 75 % beach width		
	high level	max run up 75 - 100 % beach width		



Reference table for SII: Beach flooding

MORPHOLOGICAL IMPACTS AND COASTAL RISKS INDUCED BY EXTREME STORM EVENTS

Strategic objective	Operational objective	Quantitative State Concept	Benchmarking Desired state	Benchmarking Current state	Intervention Procedure	Evaluation Procedure
Guarantee a minimum threat to people using the beach and infrastructure located on the beach	Minimize threat to human health and life and minimize damage of infrastructure	Space time maps with the position of the max wave run up	no hazard: max run up 0-25% beach width low level: max run up 25-50% beach width medium level: max run up 50-75% beach width high level: max run up 75- 100% beach width	Model results for the position /extent of wet points	Inform Maritime Office and local community about extent of flooding the beach Take out moveable parts of infrastructure	Inspection of damage by MO inspector
					by owners and MO member	







SII: Dune erosion

	Color scale	Level of hazard	Thresholds	
		no data		
Dune		no hazard	max run up < beach width	
Erosion		low level	dune base < max run up < 50 % height of the	
			lowest dune crest point elevation	
			50 % height of the lowest dune crest point	
		medium level	elevation < max run up < the lowest dune crest	
			point elevation	
		high level	dune crest erosion in the lowest point elevation	

Reference table for SII: Dune erosion

MORPHOLOGICAL IMPACTS AND COASTAL RISKS INDUCED BY EXTREME STORM EVENTS

Strategic objective	Operational objective	Quantitative State Concept	Benchmarking Desired state	Benchmarking Current state	Intervention Procedure	Evaluation Procedure
Provide safe conditions for residents and property situated behind of the dunes and infrastructure of paths	Minimize threat of human lives and damage of property and infrastructure of paths	Maps of the areas at risk of erosion	no hazard: max run up < beach width low level: dune base < max run up < 50% height of the lowest dune crest point elevation medium level: 50% height of the lowest dune crest point elevation < max run up < the lowest dune crest point elevation	Model results for the dune erosion	Inform Maritime Office and local community about possibility of dune erosion Closure of access to the beach	After the storm inspection due to estimate accuracy of model predict
			high level: dune crest erosion in the lowest point elevation			



SII: Dune overwash/ breaking

	Color scale	Level of hazard	Threshold levels
Dune Overwash		no data	
Erosion Deposit		no hazard	max run up < height of the lowest dune crest
			point elevation
	low love	low level	waves reaching height of the lowest dune crest
		iow ievei	point elevation
		medium level	dune crest erosion, overwash
		high level	dune crest erosion, breaking

Reference table for SII: Dune overwash/ breaking

MORPHOLOGICAL IMPACTS AND COASTAL RISKS INDUCED BY EXTREME STORM EVENTS

Strategic	Operational objective	Quantitative	Benchmarking	Benchmarking	Intervention	Evaluation
objective		State Concept	Desired state	Current state	Procedure	Procedure
Provide safe conditions for residents and property situated behind on the dunes	Minimize threat of human lives and damage of property	Maps of the areas at risk of flooding	no hazard: max run up < height of the lowest dune crest point elevation low level: waves reaching height of the lowest dune crest point elevation medium level: dune crest erosion, overwash high level: dune crest erosion, breaking	Model results for the dune overwash/ breaking	Inform Maritime Office and local community about possibility of dune breaking Evacuation and rescue of people occupied areas threatened by flood	If predict are correct









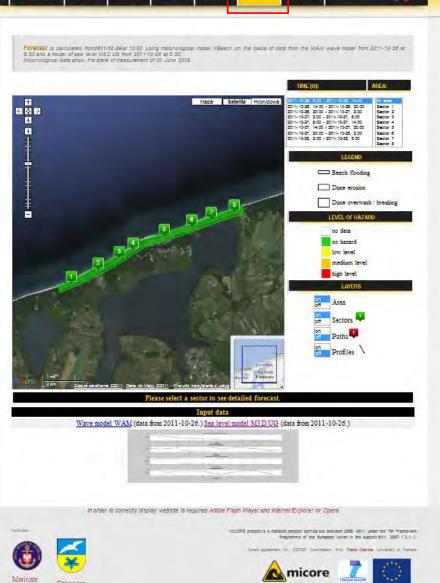
STORM IMPACT FORECASTING **EARLY WARNING SYSTEM**



PREPARED OF THE PROJECT MICORE. MORPHOLOGICAL IMPACTS AND COASTAL RISKS INDUCED BY EXTREME STORM EVENTS

HOME PAGE SYSTEM SECTORS CONTACT

Forecast



Office in Szczecin



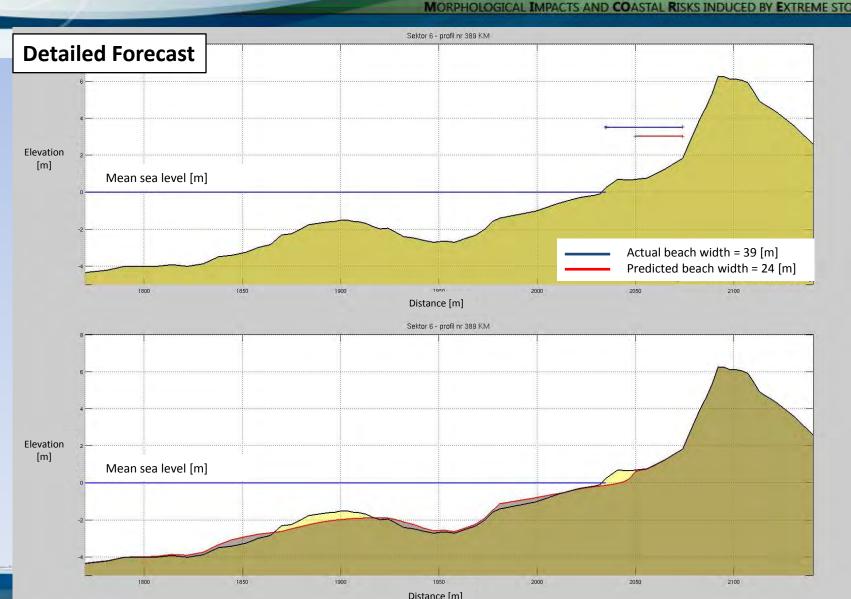




Detailed forecast

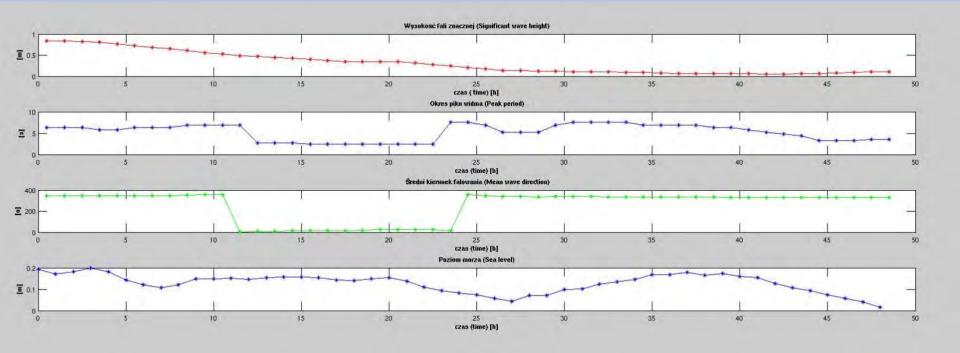








Detailed Forecast











Thank you for your attention ©





